

Code	From		To		Recov.		No.		Unit	Description
	10	14	16	20	22	24	26	28		
	0.0		32.9						B4	CASIMY
	32.9		35.7						B6	7/8 Boulders & clay very poor recovery
	35.7		38.8						B4	B ± P ± g ± L → 52
										Light greenish-yellow non-oxidaceous, sericitically and chloritically altered phyllite hosts 7-10% medium to fine grained black, locally reddish brown biotite. Biotite occurs as concentrated wisps and bands which crudely define what is interpreted as S <sub>1</sub> . Pyrite is scattered throughout and constitutes 1% or less of intervals. Silicification is sporadic, weak and limited to 0.1-0.5cm wisps and bands. Limonite occurs on fractures and is limited to rock above. Rock is generally soft, strongly to very strongly broken and has good recovery. Lower contact is marked as the transitional loss of biotite-bearing altered phyllite to one which commonly hosts Py.
	38.8		AA.5						B4	± g ± P ± b ± GZ
										Light greenish-yellow non-oxidaceous, sericite and chlorite bearing altered phyllite hosts 2-3% pyrite and 7-10% moderately silicified wisps and bands from 0.1-5.0cm wide. Siliceous material is medium to dark gray, and hosts variable amount of Pyrite and locally up to 1% galena and traces of sph. Biotite as medium to fine grains are rare. Both biotite and siliceous bands commonly define a crude to well defined S <sub>1</sub> fabric. Rock varies from soft to moderately hard.

Code	From		To		Recov.		No.		Unit	Description
	10	14	16	20	22	24	26	28		
										Unit is generally strongly broken and has good recovery. Upper contact is noted as the loss of biotite abundance from upper unit. Lower contact is marked by irregular quartz vein.
	44.5		48.4						160	±P ± R ± GZ N White with medium to dark gray clasts constituting 15-20% of unit. Unit hosts traces clastic pyrite, grains of P <sub>2</sub> and very rare occurrences of PbZn. Sulphides are limited to the upper 20cm and the lower 1.2 meters. Quartz is strongly to very strongly broken. Upper and lower contacts are very strongly broken to crushed. No orientation available.
	48.4		49.5						154	±g P ±g PGZ N→K Light gray to green, non-carbonaceous sericitically and chloritically altered phyllite is P <sub>2</sub> foliated, moderately to very strongly broken. Unit hosts 2-3% strongly silicified bands and veins hosting 1% pyrite and rare occurrences of PbZn. Siliceous bands are 1-2mm wide and generally trace S <sub>2</sub> . Recovery is fair to good. Upper contact is crushed, lower contact is sharp and // S <sub>2</sub> . Nuggets over 1% expected

## Lithologic Log

Date Apr Logged By: \_\_\_\_\_

Code	From			To			Recov.			No.			Unit	Description
	10	14	16	20	22	24	26	28	30	34	35			
	49.5		49.8									69	CWP ± Z(?) (20) 80:20 N	
													White quartz vein hosts calcareous - dolomitic clots, fractures with calcite and scattered Py and possibly galena associated with carbonate clots. Clots constitute 10% of vein. Interval also hosts non-calcareous gray phyllite at upper and lower contacts that display no alteration adjacent vein. Recovery is good. Upper contact is sharp and // S <sub>2</sub> , lower contact is gorge bound and trends 355°/40° w/ S <sub>2</sub> , S <sub>2</sub> trends @ 80° w/ r.a.	
	49.8		50.7									72	±c → 54 ± c (54 ± q ± P ± Z ± d) 60:40 N	
													Interval is gorge dominated and it occurs at the top and bottom of interval. Interval hosts very strongly broken rock at contact of interval. Rock is very rarely calcareous and hosts very irregular clots of silicification. Silicification is associated with rare clots of Py and very rare very fine grained clotted clusters of PbZn. Gorge is moderately to slightly calcareous and is light greenish yellow with a hint of gray. Recovery is poor. Upper contact trends @ 355°/40° w/ S <sub>2</sub> and lower contact trends 335°/45° w/ S <sub>2</sub>	

## Lithologic Log

Date: Apr '91 Logged By: F. Zbeck

Code	From	To	Recov.	No.	Unit	Description	
1	10 2	14 8	16 20	22 24	26 28	30 34	35
	50.7	59.0			20	$\pm s \pm l \pm b$ (20Qwk $\pm$ PGZb) 85:15 N	
						Medium gray, non-carbonaceous phylite is $P_2$ foliated hosts a variety of alteration and degrees of alteration in 1.0-15cm bands. Localized sericitic and chloritic alterations are sporadic and are commonly associated with quartz-dolomite-ankerite veins. Biotitic alteration is rare. Interval hosts 15% 0.5-7.0cm white quartz- carbonate veins. Sporadic occurrences of $P_1$ and rare occurrences of $P_1+Zn$ and biotite are most often associated with veins < 5cm wide. Veins generally trend $\parallel S_2$ . Upper contact is marked by gouge of upper unit and trends @ 355 / 45 $\parallel S_2$ lower contact is sharp cut $\parallel S_2$	
	59.0	59.5			20	$\pm g \pm PGZ \pm b \pm \rightarrow S_4$ N	
						Medium gray to light greenish gray non-carbonaceous unit contains a greater amount of alteration packages. Moderate sericitic and chloritic alteration with sporadic silicification, $P_1$ , $P_1+Zn$ and biotite all become progressively weaker and less common down hole. Sulphides and biotite are sporadic and are less than abundant at base. Rock varies from slightly hard to slightly soft. Rock is moderately blocky and recovery is good. Upper contact is sharp and $\parallel S_2$ lower contact is gradational over 25cm. $\parallel S_2$ reads over 1% expected	

Core	From		To		Recov.			No.			Unit	Description
	10	14	16	20	22	24	26	28	30	34	35	
	59.5	60.5									20	Qwk P Medium to light gray non-calcareous phyllite is ps <sub>2</sub> -foliated and hosts 2-3% 0.5-3.0 cm quartz-dolomite-ankerite veinlets toward N <sub>5</sub> and hosts clotted Py. Rock is slightly to moderately soft, moderately to strongly broken and has good recovery. Upper and lower contacts are gradational with alteration increasing away from this unit.
	60.5	62.4									54	±g P ± ZGR N→L Light greenish yellow slightly gray, non-calcareous phyllite contains uniform moderate sericitic and chloritic alteration except for gradational contacts. Unit hosts 15% silicified veins and bands from 0.2-3.0 cm wide. Pyrite is common within siliceous bands. PbZn and Po are less common and rarely consistent up to 1% over 10cm. Rock varies from moderately soft to moderately hard. Unit is strongly broken and has good recovery. Upper contact is gradational over 10cm, lower contact is gradational over 5cm. Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> portion should assay over 1%.

Code	From		To		Recov.		No.		Unit		Description
	10	14	16	20	22	24	26	28	30	34	
	62.6		64.3						20		(72) 90:10 Medium gray non-calcareous phyllite is siliceous and hosts 10-15% gouge occurring in 0.5-10cm bands most common above 63.4m. Rock is moderately to slightly soft, strongly to moderately broken and has good recovery. Upper and lower contacts are gradational with alteration from above and below altered phyllites.
	64.3		65.4						154	±g P	High greenish yellow, slightly gray, non-calcareous phyllite is moderately to strongly sericitically altered and weakly chloritically altered. Unit hosts 15% silicified wisps and bands < 1.0cm wide. Sericitization is medium to slightly dark gray and contains 1-2% pyrite. P512a is not visible but suspected to be very fine grained within silica. Upper and lower contacts are gradational at 10's of cm.









