GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA
DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND TECHNICAL SURVEYS

MAP 1893G

FORTIN CREEK

YUKON TERRITORY

Scale: One Inch to One Mile = 1/63 360

Miles

All photographs covering this map were may be obtained through the National Air Photographic Library, Topographical Survey, Ottawa, Ontario.

SIGNATURE LINES Maximum local field

100 gammas
50 gammas
25 gammas
10 gammas
Magnetic depression

Flight line
High-altitude, normally 1000 feet above ground level where terrain permitted.

Reference Magnetic Survey, June to September, 1962, by Ralph Ronacher.

No corrections have been made for regional variation.

The photometric for this map was obtained from topographical maps, published by the Department of Mines and Technical Surveys.

The magnetic data on this map was obtained during the flight lines on the 1962 aeromagnetic survey of the underlying rocks, and has been corrected for the effect of the diurnal variation of the earth's magnetic field. The presence of basic rocks, such as ultrabasic rocks, gabbro, diabase, or some dike or intrusionbearing rocks, will be indicated by high values on the map. Low values may be caused by acidic rocks, but acidic rocks may also produce magnetic highs.

DECLINATION
1962
1963
1964

MAP 1893G

McEVOY CREEK

YUKON TERRITORY

Scale: One Inch to One Mile = 1/63 360

Miles

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SIGNATURE LINES Maximum local field

100 gammas
50 gammas
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MAP 1893G

LECKIE LAKE

YUKON TERRITORY

Scale: One Inch to One Mile = 1/63 360

Miles

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SIGNATURE LINES Maximum local field

100 gammas
50 gammas
25 gammas
10 gammas
Magnetic depression

Flight line
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MAP 1893G

THOMAS RIVER

YUKON TERRITORY

Scale: One Inch to One Mile = 1/63 360

Miles

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SIGNATURE LINES Maximum local field

100 gammas
50 gammas
25 gammas
10 gammas
Magnetic depression

Flight line
High-altitude, normally 1000 feet above ground level where terrain permitted.

Reference Magnetic Survey, June to September, 1962, by Ralph Ronacher.

No corrections have been made for regional variation.

The photometric for this map was obtained from topographical maps, published by the Department of Mines and Technical Surveys.

The magnetic data on this map was obtained during the flight lines on the 1962 aeromagnetic survey of the underlying rocks, and has been corrected for the effect of the diurnal variation of the earth's magnetic field. The presence of basic rocks, such as ultrabasic rocks, gabbro, diabase, or some dike or intrusion-bearing rocks, will be indicated by high values on the map. Low values may be caused by acidic rocks, but acidic rocks may also produce magnetic highs.

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